

# THE CHARLOTTE DEMOCRAT

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY  
J. P. STRONG.  
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DRS. MCCOMBS & GIBBON,  
DESIRES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC,  
That they have this day entered into a copartnership for the

PRACTICE OF MEDICINE,  
AND  
SURGERY.

March 1, 1895. March 15, 1895.

JOHN FARRIOR,  
201 SOUTH TRYON STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,  
DEALER IN—  
Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Silver Plated Ware.

Special attention given to Fine Watch Repairing.  
Jan 25, 1895.

BURWELL, WALKER & CANSLER,  
Attorneys-At-Law,  
ROOMS NOS. 5, 6, AND 13, LAW BUILDING,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Jan 4, 1895.

DR. E. P. KEERANS,  
DENTIST,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Office—7 West Trade Street  
Nov. 2, 1894

HUGH W. HARRIS,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,  
Office, Nos. 14 and 16 Law Building,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

July 6, 1895.

F. I. OSBORNE, W. C. MAXWELL, J. W. KEERANS,  
OSBORNE, MAXWELL & KEERANS,  
Attorneys at Law,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Office 1 and 3 Law Building.  
Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.  
Oct 20, 1894.

DRS. M. A. & C. A. B'AND,  
Dentists,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

No. 21 TRYON STREET.  
Jan 3, 1895.

CLARKSON & DULS,  
Attorneys at Law,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted. Will practice in all Courts of the State.  
Office No. 12 Law Building.  
Oct 7, 1894.

H. N. PHARR,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Office No. 14. Law Building.

Prompt attention to all business intrusted. Special attention given to claims. Practices in State and Federal Courts.  
Jan 6, 1895.

THE ACKNOWLEDGED  
—Leading Seeds Are—  
BUISTS! - BUISTS!!

We open our today, fresh from the grower. Plant only "Bait's Prize Medal Seeds," and you are sure of a crop.  
R. H. JORDAN & CO.,  
Jan 19, 1895. Retail Druggists

GO TO ALEXANDER'S  
DRUG STORE,  
NO. 216, NORTH TRYON STREET.

Keep a well assorted stock of all articles usually kept in a Drug House.  
J. B. ALEXANDER.  
The Poor prescribed for free.  
April 8, 1895.

FINEST LOT  
Ever brought to Charlotte. This is the best lot of PHARMACIES in the city. Rick-  
wick's best in FANCY Bottles.  
Cases, Flasks, etc., in GOOD shape for an ELGANT PRESENT. IT  
RECOMMENDS ITSELF.  
IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE IT.  
R. H. JORDAN & CO., Druggists  
Dec 28, 1894.

E. NYE HUTCHISON,  
FIRE INSURANCE.  
Office—16 East Trade Street; 4 North Tryon Street, upstairs.  
Feb. 19, 1895.

QUEEN CITY HOTEL.  
In visiting Charlotte,  
Don't fail to stop at the Queen City Hotel,  
Corner East Fifth and College Sts.  
Everything first-class.  
RATES, \$1.00 PER DAY.  
July 6, 1895. W J MOORE, Prop'r.

Surgical Instruments.  
A full line of Surgical Instruments at Manu-  
facturer's prices. Call and examine them.  
Mail orders will be promptly attended to.  
R. H. JORDAN & CO.  
Sept 20, 1895

## COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County, made in an action entitled, The Trustees of Davidson College and others, against H. P. Helper and wife, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the Court House Door in the city of Charlotte, for cash, on Monday, the 6th day of January, 1896, at 12 o'clock M., the following described tracts and lots of land, situated in the Township of Mecklenburg, County of Mecklenburg, and State of North Carolina, the same being known as a part of the land formerly owned by Dr. Wm. White, dec'd, and which was partitioned among his heirs at law, under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County, in the case of John Johnston et al. vs. P. H. White, and which is described and bounded as follows, to-wit:

(1) Lot A of No. 3, Home Tract, beginning at the creek, the beginning corner of Lot 1, and runs N 86° E 6 chains to a hickory (gone) by a white oak; thence N 87° E 8 chains to a stone in the old line, a corner of Lot 2; thence with the division line of lots 3 and 4 S 57° E 20 chains to a post oak and pointers, a corner of lots C and D of lot 4; thence with lot D S 33° E 30 chains to a small maple on the bank of the creek; thence up the creek to the beginning, containing 62 acres.

(2) Lot B of lot No. 3, home tract, beginning at the creek on the old line, the beginning corner of Lot 1, and runs with four of P. Flemming's lines S 85° E 6 70-100 chains to a white oak; thence N 22° 30-100 chains to a double white oak by the meadow; thence S 57° E 1 chain to an elm on the east side of Rankin's line; thence N 26° E 30 and 50-100 chains to a stake (formerly a pine or a black oak) on Cashion's corner, and a corner of Lot D of No. 4; thence with said lot S 57° E 20 chains to a post oak and pointers, a corner of lots A, C and D; thence with lot A S 33° E 30 chains to a small maple on the bank of the creek; thence down the creek to the beginning, containing 70 1/2 acres.

(3) Lot No. 1, division of home place, beginning at the creek on the south end of the tract and runs N 85° E 49 80-100 chains to a stone and white oak by the fence, thence S 37° E 13 50-100 chains to a large pine (formerly a black oak); thence N 13° 50-100 chains to a black oak near the west end of a drain; thence S 15° E 13 50-100 chains to a black oak; thence S 37° E 13 50-100 chains to the creek; thence up the creek to the beginning, containing 41 1/2 acres, and which was conveyed to the defendant, H. P. Helper, by John Johnston and wife, by a deed dated 22nd day of February, 1876, and registered in the County of Mecklenburg in Book 13, page 488.

(4) Lot No. 2, of home tract, beginning at the creek on the old line on the north end of the tract and runs S 86° E 5 60-100 chains to a large stump corner; thence N 13° 50-100 chains to a black oak; thence N 13° 50-100 chains to a black oak near the west end of a drain; thence S 15° E 13 50-100 chains to a black oak; thence S 37° E 13 50-100 chains to the creek; thence up the creek to the beginning, containing 41 1/2 acres, and which was conveyed to the defendant, H. P. Helper, by John Johnston and wife, by a deed dated 22nd day of February, 1876, and registered in the County of Mecklenburg in Book 13, page 488.

(5) Lot C of lot No. 4, home tract, beginning at a post oak and pointers, a corner of lots A, B and D and runs with lot D N 48° E 39 75-100 chains to a stake on the old line by two gums and one white oak; thence with three of Byers' line S 57° E 17 70-100 chains to a stake by three red oaks; thence S 20° E 6 75-100 chains to a post oak by a Pine—P. O.—B. O. and R. O.; thence S 67° E 29 40-100 chains to a black oak on the line; thence S 57° E 20 chains to the beginning, containing 50 acres, and which was conveyed to the defendant, H. P. Helper, by N. Hart Davis and wife, by a deed dated 19th day of January, 1876, and registered in said County of Mecklenburg in Book 14, page 72.

(6) Lot D of lot No. 4, home tract, beginning at a post oak and pointers, a corner of lots A, B and C, and runs with lot D S 57° E 17 70-100 chains to a stake (formerly a Locust); P. Flemming's and B. Cashion's line; thence with Cashion's line N 86° E 6 70-100 chains to a post oak on the line; thence with three of Byers' line S 57° E 17 70-100 chains to a stake by three red oaks; thence S 20° E 6 75-100 chains to a post oak by a Pine—P. O.—B. O. and R. O.; thence S 67° E 29 40-100 chains to a black oak on the line; thence S 57° E 20 chains to the beginning, containing 50 acres, and which was conveyed to the defendant, H. P. Helper, by N. Hart Davis and wife, by a deed dated 19th day of January, 1876, and registered in said County of Mecklenburg in Book 14, page 72.

Excepting from the boundaries of the above described real estate about forty-three acres, the same being known as the "Forty-three acre tract," which fully appear by reference to a deed made by H. P. Helper to W. H. Johnston, bearing date the 18th day of December, 1880, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds for Mecklenburg County, in Book 76, page 607.

Also, at said time and place, I will sell at public auction, for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of land situated, lying and being in the County of Mecklenburg and State of North Carolina, and described and bounded as follows, to-wit:

(1) That tract of land, parcel of land adjoining the lands of J. P. Starnes, same Rodgers' line, beginning at a poplar, John W. Starnes' corner, and runs thence with his line S 5° E 207 poles to a black oak near a large rock, 2 poles from the pine stump corner; thence S 85° E 64 poles to a black oak, a corner of Rodgers' line; thence N 48° poles to a stake; thence N 85° E 20 1/2 poles to an apple tree on or near Rodgers' corner; thence N 75° E 20 poles to a stake near the foot of the creek; thence S 83° E 49 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing 80 1/2 acres, and which was conveyed to said H. P. Helper by J. Lee Sloan, by deed dated 1st day of February, 1887.

(2) Those lots and parcels of land lying, situated and being in the town of Davidson College, and now occupied by the students as a residence, situated on the west side of the public road leading from Charlotte to Statesville, beginning at a stake, the same being the northeast corner of said residence, the defendants, and runs thence S 16° E 155 feet along said road to a stake; thence N 74° E 326 feet to a stake; thence N 10° E 155 feet to a stake; thence S 74° E 326 feet to a stake, the same being the whole of Lot 3 and a part of Lot 4 on the plat of the property of Davidson College south of the President's mansion, and which was conveyed to the defendant, H. P. Helper, by W. R. Myers as trustee, by deed dated 10th day of January, 1859, and registered in Mecklenburg County in Book 6, page 187.

(3) That certain lot and parcel of land situated in said town of Davidson College, containing about 4 acres and described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of A. W. Holt's lot on the west side of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad at a stake 53 feet from the center of the main track of the Railroad and running along the Railroad N 19 1/2° E 400 feet to a stake; also 53 feet from the center of the track; thence N 70 1/2° E 437 1/2 feet to a stake; thence S 19 1/2° E 40 feet to a stake; Holt's northeast corner; thence S 70 1/2° E 437 1/2 feet to the beginning, and which was conveyed to said H. P. Helper by J. R. McDowell, et al., by lease bearing date of the 8th day of November, 1872.

(4) That certain lot and parcel of land, lying immediately behind (west) of the before described tract or lot, containing about 1 1/2 acres, and which was conveyed to said H. P. Helper, by W. W. Pharr and R. I. McDowell by lease bearing date of 25th day of June, 1877.

Title to be made subject to the approval of the Court. Nov 21, 1895.

W. W. PHIPER,  
Commissioner.

Hood's Sarsaparilla  
And all the leading PATENT MEDICINE,  
for sale by  
Nov 8, 1895 R. H. JORDAN & CO

## What's the Use?

Don't coddle up a woe Don't think about your foe.

What's the use? What's the use? It only makes you worry, and keeps you in a flurry.

What's the use? There's no excuse Don't talk about your wrong, it makes it last too long.

What's the use? It only gives you pain, and suffering again.

What's the use? There's no excuse. Don't talk of your disaster, it makes the tears flow faster.

What's the use? It only keeps you weeping, and hinders you from sleeping.

What's the use? There's no excuse. Don't talk of your mishap, it's only one more rap.

What's the use? It only makes you sad, and sour and grum and mad.

What's the use? There's no excuse. Don't talk of your affliction, it only causes friction.

What's the use? It opens an old sore, and worries you the more.

What's the use? There's no excuse. Don't talk about your sorrow, trouble you only borrow.

What's the use? It only makes you sad, and sour and grum and mad.

What's the use? There's no excuse. —W. L. Ormsby, Jr.

## Sale of Land.

By virtue of authority granted to me by E. W. Lyles and wife, by deed dated December 4th, 1891, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of Mecklenburg County, in Book 79, page 228, I will sell at public auction, at the Court House in Charlotte, on Saturday, the 14th day of December, 1895, at 12 M., that tract of land described in the aforesaid deed, to-wit:

One Hundred and Thirty-three (133) acres, joining the lands of the late Mary Wallace and others, which was conveyed to said E. W. Lyles by Nathaniel Wens, by deed dated February 19th, 1870, registered in Book 8, page 659. This tract of land is near the City of Charlotte, and is highly improved.

A. BURWELL, Trustee.  
Nov. 15, 1895. 5w

## Trustee's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by W. S. Davidson and registered in Book 88, page 299, et seq., in office of Register of Deeds, Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, I will sell at public auction, at the County Court House in the City of Charlotte, N. C., on Monday, the 30th day of December, A. D., 1895, at 12 o'clock, M., that certain Tract of Land, containing 546 acres, more or less, in Long Creek Township, Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of R. A. Torrence, J. W. Moore, Rev. McElwaine and others, formerly owned by E. C. Davidson, and conveyed to said W. S. Davidson by E. T. Cansler, Trustee, by Deed dated 29th day of January, 1893, and registered in Book 91, page 149, 150, 151, and 152, in said Register's Office, to which last mentioned deed reference is hereby made for more particular description and for further particulars of said deed, from the thing of said Deed, and to the lien of a prior Deed of Trust registered in book 90 page 260, in said Register's office.

Terms—Cash.  
E. L. B. DAVIDSON, Trustee.  
Nov. 22, 1895. 5w

## Superior Court.

A. B. Davidson, Plaintiff, vs. W. S. Davidson, Defendant.—Notice of Summons and Warrant of Attachment.  
The Defendant above named will take notice that a Summons in the above entitled action was issued against him on the 25th day of November, 1895, in the above entitled action pending in said Superior Court, which Summons is returnable at said Court at the County Court House in Charlotte, on the 3rd Monday in January, A. D. 1896; also that a Warrant of Attachment was issued in said action from the thing of said Deed, and to the lien of a prior Deed of Trust registered in book 90 page 260, in said Register's office.

Nov 29, 1895. 6w

## FOR SALE.

THE NATIONAL COLLECTION AGENCY.  
OF WASHINGTON, D. C., WILL DIS-  
POSE OF THE FOLLOWING JUDG-  
MENTS.

NORTH CAROLINA.  
Hill & Benoy, Aberdeen, \$91.75; W. T. Irwin, 47.48; B. F. Mayo, Aurora, 63.40; R. L. Lowe, Banners, E. 51.00; J. J. Smith, Bath, 51.57; G. Hancock, Beaufort, 106.00; T. G. Carson, Betsy, 92.35; J. W. Egan, Big Lick, 728.75; Patterson & Brown, Bryson City, 31.35; C. A. Raby, Bryson City, 203.29; T. T. Wright & Co., Candor, 89.34; S. B. Freeman, Colerain, 73.70; W. H. Wilson, Coopers, 37.20; H. D. Credock, Cregwell, 322.72; W. A. Slater & Co., Durham, 73.50; Thaxton & Patton, Durham, 87.35; Cooper & Swain, Elizabeth City, 172.60; J. F. Norris & Co., Elk Park, 144.03; H. T. Tunnell, Fairfield, 16.00; M. Chwick, Fairfield, 90.35; J. H. Smith, Falkland, 130.60; J. H. Smith, Falkland, 130.75; Gaiety & Jones, Fayetteville, 19.01; Leroy King & Co., Graham, 41.95; T. T. Powell, Guilford, 41.27; T. B. Rice & Co., Greensboro, 34.92; Sample S. Brown, Greensboro, 336.47; W. R. Jordan & Co., Greensboro, 15.50; John H. Hooker, Hamilton, 32.50; J. H. Harris, Wilton, 51.94; J. H. Heistman, Henderson, 130.57; N. R. Villines, Chesters, Henderson, 114.40; S. D. Stephens, Hycote, 245.95; C. F. Wheeler, Knapp-of-Reeds, 30.00; Lewis & Yarbrough, Lexington, 92.45; James H. Sanford, Lexington, 303.74; R. B. Burris, Middleton, 18.15; Wm. Miles, Mileville, 172.25; Riddle & Johnson, Monticello, 37.13; M. E. Wilson, Morehead City, 124.00; J. V. Mitchell & Son, Mount Airy, 114.35; J. H. Cohen, Newberne, 180.45; J. H. Cohen, Newberne, 166.95; R. I. Bray, Noise, 27.35; P. H. Parsons, 158.15; J. H. Parsons, Portsmouth, 59.20; J. E. Haywood, Red Springs, 113.83; Rice Bros., Reidsville, 227.43; A. M. Long, Rockingham, 143.90; Fuller & Hyman, Smithfield, 24.33; W. M. Edwards, Siscoch, 63.97; L. Heilbronner & Bro., Tarboro, 139.00; L. Heilbronner & Bro., Tarboro, 139.00; Ducker & Garret, Tweed, 37.23; John W. May, Washington, 986.12; Eddie Allen, Wake Forest, 168.34; John F. Harrison, Williamson, 109.15; J. H. Lee & Sons, Wilson, 189.75; J. H. Lee & Sons, Wilson, 121.70; Wm. Harris, Wilson, 71.07; W. J. Harris, Wilson, 63.47; W. H. Harris, Wilton, 51.94; King Bros Pure Food Co., Winston, 23.67.

—SEND ALL BIDS TO THE—  
NATIONAL COLLECTION AGENCY,  
Washington, D. C.  
Nov 29, 1895

## Poor Bobolink!

Barbarous Treatment of a Song Bird by the Scraps Eaters.

Philadelphia is the only city in the world where the reed bird can be found in a state of overrunning obesity, and the only place where it can be cooked to perfection. In New York the French cooks conceal its delicate toothsome-ness in rich dressing. There they know as little about reed birds as they do about terrapin, scurpion, and pepper-pot. Recently there was given in this city a dinner in which reed birds were served in thirteen different forms. Among the courses were soup made from reed birds, reed birds stuffed with Blue Point oysters, reed birds placed inside a hollowed potato and roasted, reed birds stuffed with herb filling and baked, reed birds stewed with fresh mushrooms, reed birds split and broiled—an abominable practice, by the way; reed birds saute, and a seeming pie, from which, when the crust was eaten, two dozen reed birds flew forth and around the room.

But after all, there is only one way to cook and eat the succulent reedies—saute! Select birds which have little clumps of yellow fat on both sides of the part last removed from the fence. Place them in a sauce-pan—or, better still, a chafing dish—with plenty of the best butter, salt, black pepper, and a plentiful sprinkling of paprika—the sweet Hungarian pepper which nowadays can be found in any first-class grocery. They must not be split and their heads must not be removed. Cook them for five or six minutes, according to the size of the bird and the heat of the fire, but do not allow the yellow fat to become browned. Nothing could be simpler, and yet, very few, cooks can prepare the reed bird without destroying its toothsome-ness. There is an art also in the eating of his Daintiness, but it can only be applied to birds of the character and prepared in the manner described above. Wring off the head and sink your teeth into and absorb the brains. Then hold the little darling aloft by the protruding bones of both legs, and slipping him into a watering mouth, crunch your way through his carcass until not a bit of him remains but the leg bones. Then cast your eyes above and see grace. That's eating reed birds, that is.—Philadelphia Times.

## Popular Errors.

Curious Notions That Commonly Get Into People's heads.

The erroneous idea that the darkest hour immediately precedes the dawn is so common that it has passed into a proverb. Light comes as gradually in the morning as it dies in the evening. It would be correct to speak of "the brightest hour before sunset."

There is no error which prevails more widely, even among educated people, than the belief that a man has one rib more in his right side than in his left, the deficiency being supposed to have been inherited from Adam. As a fact, men and women each have 24 ribs, 12 on each side.

One of the strangest errors is the delusion that the so called changes of the moon affect the weather. This superstitious notion, handed down from remote times is held by the vast majority, both educated and otherwise, throughout the world. It is almost impossible to convince a believer of this error, his answer being invariably to the strongest arguments: "But how about the tides?" Yet scientists declare that the moon has no control or connection with atmospheric changes.

A mistake which is widely believed in by all classes is that if a dead body be carried across any land on the way to the grave it establishes a public right of way over the land forever. There is no ground whatever for the idea, nor (so far as the writer can ascertain) has there ever been any ground at any time. Why such an idea should be prevalent is a mystery, but it is seriously entertained, even by very many educated people.

The notion prevails both in England and Scotland, that the Irish pronounce the diphthong "oe" broadly. In songs and stories of English manufacture they are made to say "swate" for "sweet," "strate" for "street," "chaze" for "cheese," "indade" for "indeed," etc. This is altogether wrong. It is the diphthong "ea" which is so pronounced. Thus, "speak" is "spake," "neat" is "nate," which pronunciation Irishmen maintain to be correct.

One of the most common mistakes, and one prevalent even among the educated classes, is that the heart is on the left side of the body. It will, doubtless, come as a surprise to most people to learn that this is all a mistake; but it is nevertheless, an indisputable fact that it is the smaller section of the heart that is to the left side, as a careful study of the human anatomy will verify. The popular error regarding the position of the most important organ of the body doubtless owes its origin to the fact that the auricle through which the blood is forced from the heart into the veins is on the left side, and when any twitch is felt it is, of course, at that part.—Jewish Messenger.

## Hudson's Business University

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

For a thorough and practical Business Education. Actual Business from start to finish. \$40.00 pays for complete Business Course. The only business school in the South where you can try before paying the Tuition. Before making arrangements anywhere investigate our course of study. Send for Catalogue.

J. E. HUDSON, Principal.  
Sept. 6, 1895. 6m

CROWELL & HENDERSON,  
327 East Trade Street

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Vegetables, fruits, etc.

AT  
BOTTOM PRICES  
May 1, 1895.

## To Boys Who Smoke.

If boys who smoke would only be sensible and see the folly of it, how much better it would be for them and others! Can you not see, do you not know, that you are going through a great deal of misery to do something you do not really like? You are enduring with a patience worthy of a better cause the suffering of a martyr in order to acquire a useless, bad habit; and trying to cultivate a taste that makes you sick. Why should you treat yourself so meanly? You know perfectly well that you do not smoke because you enjoy it. It is only when you think some one (but assuredly not your parents) is looking at you. You always do this with an air of intense self-consciousness. Everybody, including yourself, knows that you are on exhibition. And it is such a pitiable, cheap show, too. You think people are admiring you, when they are not. Why, so far from exciting admiration in the minds of the beholders, if you boys could hear the remarks which people make when they see you smoking, you would never again try a cigarette where human eyes could perceive you.

Moreover, it makes you disagreeable company. When you bring into society the horrid taint of stale tobacco in your hair and clothes, your absence is always more gratefully welcome than your presence. So don't smoke, boys. It makes you stupid, so it does not help you in your studies; it is injurious to the heart, so it does not aid you in athletic sports. It does not do you one particle of good; it makes you appear silly and ridiculous; it is as disagreeable and offensive to yourself as it is to anybody else. You do not get a bit of comfort and real pleasure out of it, and you all know it—so pray do not smoke.—Halt's Journal of Health.

## A White "Mother of the Tribe."

A very interesting ceremony has just occurred on Fort Hall Indian reservation. Mrs. A. W. Fisher being elected "Be-Ah" or "Mother of the Tribe." It is said to be only the second time in the history of Indians in which a white woman has been chosen, the other occasion being the selection of Mrs. Harriet M. Converse of New York as mother of the Six Nations in the Indian Territory. All the Bannock chiefs signed their names to the document announcing Mrs. Fisher's election.

The woman thus chosen is the wife of a former Indian agent, and there is a very interesting story connected with the matter. The new agent, Mr. Teter, has been very jealous of the influence of the Fishers and at one time Mrs. Fisher was arrested by the United States authorities for alleged inciting of Indians against the authorities. That was a few months ago. Later Agent Teter posted a notice warning the Fishers and all members of their family against appearing on the reservation, this being done under an old law permitting agents to exclude persons thought to be detrimental to the interest of the Indians. The act of the Bannocks in choosing Mrs. Fisher as mother of the tribe completely vindicates her. Her position entitles her to sit in all councils of the chiefs.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Labor's Triumphs.

The Stone Trade News makes mention of what are considered as the ten most remarkable works of human labor:

1. The Pyramids of Egypt, the largest of which, near Cairo, known as the Great Pyramid, built by Cheops, King of Egypt, took 350,000 men twenty years to build.

2. The artificial reservoir—Lake Moeris—built by Amenophis of the twelfth dynasty, which served to store up the waters of the Nile during the season of floods, and distribute them by canals over the land during the dry season. Its circumference was 3,600 furlongs, and on its being allowed to fall into ruin, the fertility of the region became, to a serious extent, a thing of the past.

3. The Taj Mahal, a tomb erected at Agra, in Hindostan, by Shah Jehan, over his Queen, Nur Jehan. It is built of the purest white marble, and yet seems so airy that when seen from a distance, it is so like a fabric of mist and sunbeams, with its great dome soaring up, a silvery bubble about to burst in the sun, that after you have touched it and climbed to its summit you almost doubt its reality. It cost over three million pounds.

4. The Temple of Baalbek, in the erection of which stones 62 feet long, 20 feet broad, and 15 feet thick have been used—more prodigious masses than have ever elsewhere been moved by human power and much exceeding in size the stones used in the Pyramids.

5. The Temple of Karnak, described by Ptolemy as the noblest work of architecture and the most magnificent ever produced by the hand of man. It covers twice the area of St. Peter's at Rome, and undoubtedly is one of the finest buildings in the world.

6. The Great Wall of China, 1,230 miles in length. It is 20 feet in height, and in thickness 25 feet at the base and 15 feet at the top.

7. The Eiffel Tower, erected in the grounds of the 1889 Paris Exhibition, 984 feet high.

8. The Suez Canal, with 85 miles of waterway connecting the Mediterranean and Red Sea, and forming the principal route